## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application No.:

10/722,123

Applicant:

Michihiro SHIBATA

Filed:

November 26, 2003

Title:

OPTICAL RECORDING MEDIUM AND

METHOD FOR PRODUCING THE SAME

Group Art Unit:

1762

Examiner:

Kirsten Jolley

Docket No.: Q78700

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

## DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. 81.132

Sir:

I, Michihiro Shibata, do declare and state as follows:

I received a Master's Degree in Science from Kyoto University in March 1996;

I joined Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd. (currently, FUJIFILM CORPORATON) in April 1996, and since that time I have been engaged in the research and development of optical disc materials at the Research & Development Center, Magnetic Products Division (currently, Research & Development Center, Recording Media Products Division):

I am an inventor of the subject matter disclosed and claimed in the above identified patent application; and

I am familiar with the Office Action of March 23, 2007, and understand the Examiner's rejections therein.

The following additional experiments were carried out by me or under my supervision.

## Comparative Experiment:

Each sample was prepared in the same manner as in Example 4 of the present specification except that the rotation speed of the substrate for two seconds during the step of from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution, the rotation speed for the subsequent 15 seconds at the low-speed rotation step, and the final rotation speed after gradually increasing the rotation speed for 10 seconds after the low-speed rotation step, were set as shown in Table A below.

The noise level and the frequency of a reflection signal were measured as in Example 1 of the present specification, for each of the thus-obtained samples. Further, whether the dye layer is coated uniformly over the entire surface of the disc was checked by visual observation.

The results are shown in Table B.

07- 7-11;17:16 :TAIYO, NAKAJIMA&KATO

07- 7-10:11:08 ;TAIYO, NAKAJIMA&KATO

Rotation speed after the end of low-speed rotation step (tpm)	increased to the final speed 2000	increased to the final speed 2000	increased to the final speed 2000	increased to the final speed 2100	increased to the final speed 2200	increased to the final speed 2500	150 increased to the final speed 2500	increased to the final speed 3000.	increased to the final speed 2500	400 increased to the final speed 2500			
Rotation speed of the low- speed rotation step (rpm)	250	250	400	20	400	400	150	150	250	250	1000	400	400
Rotation speed during a period from the beginning of the supply to the end of the supply	200	400	200	400	800	1000	200	218	300	350	2000	1500	1200
Concentration of dye solution (%)	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78
Temperature during coating (°C)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Relative humidity during coating (% RH)	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
g	Invention	Invention	Invention	Invention	5 Invention	Invention	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	13 Comparison
Experiment Invention/ No. Compariso	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	000	6	10	Ξ	12	13

Dye layer formation (visual observation)		- Uniformly formed over the entire surface	- Uniformly formed over the entire surface	- Uniformly formed over the entire surface	16.6 Uniformly formed over the entire surface	16.4 Uniformly formed over the entire surface	22.2 Uniformly formed over the entire surface	26.8 Uniformly formed over the entire surface	Not measured Aportion in which the dye layer is not formed was observed in the region outside a radius of 40 nm.	Not measured A portion in which the dye layer is not formed was observed in the region outside a radius of 50 mm.	Not measured A portion in which the dye layer is not formed was observed in the region outside a radius of 55 mm.			
Noise level of a reflection signal	Frequency (kHz)						٠.	16.6	16.4	22.2	26.8	Not measured	Not measured	Not measured
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.62	27.6	16.6	7.9	Not measured	Not measured	Not measured
	Comparison Level (dB)	Invention	Invention	3 Invention	Invention	5 Invention	6 Invention	Comparison	Comparison	9 Comparison	10 Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison
Experiment Invention/	No.	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13

Discussion:

(1) In Experiment Nos. 1 to 6 in which the rotation speed of the substrate during the period from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution was 400 to 1000 rpm, the noise level was 0 dB, which means superior performance of the discs.

Compared with this, in Experiment Nos. 7 to 10, in which the rotation speed of the substrate during the period from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution was 200 to 350 rpm, the noise level was high, which means inferior performance of the discs.

In Experiment Nos. 11 to 13, in which the rotation speed of the substrate during the period from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution was 1200 to 2000 rpm, the dye layer was not formed uniformly. Therefore, without the need to measure the noise level, it was found that the discs of Experiment Nos. 11 to 13 had inferior properties.

(2) In Comparative Example 6 of the present specification, although the rotation speed of the period from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution was 500 rpm, the low-speed rotation step after that was not performed, and instead, the same rotation speed was maintained. The degree of modulation and jitter changed depending on the position of the disc (distance from the rotation center) in Comparative Example 6 as shown in Table 2 of the specification.

On the contrary, in Example 4 of the present specification, the disc was prepared according to the process of the present invention in which the rotation speed of the period from the beginning of the supply of the dye solution to the end of the supply of the dye solution was 500 rpm, and the rotation speed of the low-speed rotation step thereafter was 250 rpm. The degree of modulation and jitter of Example 4 were uniform at any position as shown in Table 2 of the specification.

(3) It is apparent from the above results that the present invention provides an optical disc which exhibits superior performance.

## Conclusion:

The present invention provides unexpectedly superior results.

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

DATE: July 10; 2007

Michibiro SHIRATA